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Question: 1

A server runs Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services role is installed on the server. You deploy a new application on the server. The application creates files that have an extension of .xyz. You need to ensure that users can launch the remote application from their computers by double-clicking a file that has the .xyz extension. What should you do?

- A. Configure the Remote Desktop Connection Client on the users' computers to point to the server.
- B. Configure the application as a published application by using a Remote Desktop Program file.
- C. Configure the application as a published application by using a Windows Installer package file.
- D. Configure the application as a published application by using a Terminal Server Web Access Web site.

Answer: C

Question: 2

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role service installed. You need to provide a security group access to the TS Gateway server. What should you do?

- A. Add the security group to the Remote Desktop Users group.
- B. Add the security group to the TS Web Access Computers group.
- C. Create and configure a Resource Authorization Policy.
- D. Create and configure a Connection Authorization Policy.

Answer: D

Question: 3

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company runs Terminal Services. All Terminal Services accounts are configured to allow session takeover without permission. A user has logged on to a server named Server2 by using an account named User1. The session ID for User1 is 1337. You need to perform a session takeover for session ID 1337. Which commands should you run?

- A. Chgusr 1337 /disable, and then Tscon 1337
- B. Takeown /U User1 1337, and then Tscon 1337
- C. Tsdiscn 1337, and then Chgport /U User1 1337
- D. Tsdiscn 1337, and then Tscon 1337

Answer: D

Question: 4

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company runs Terminal Services. A user has remotely logged on to the Terminal Server. The user requires help to use an application. When you connect to the Terminal Server session, you cannot operate any applications. You need to ensure that you can assist any user on the Terminal Server. What should you do?

- A. From the Terminal Server run the Tscon /v command. Then reconnect to the session.
- B. Run the Chgusr /execute command on the Terminal Server. Then reconnect to the session.
- C. Enable Use remote control with default user settings in the RDP-Tcp Properties.
- D. Enable Use remote control with the following settings in the RDP-Tcp Properties. Configure the Level of control policy setting to Interact with the session. Instruct the user to log off and log back on.

Answer: D

Question: 5

Your network consists of a single Active Directory domain. The network contains a Terminal Server that runs Windows Server 2008, and client computers that run Windows Vista. All computers are members of the domain. You deploy an application by using the TS RemoteApp Manager. The Terminal Servers security layer is set to Negotiate. You need to ensure that domain users are not prompted for credentials when they access the application. What should you do?

- A. On the server, modify the Password Policy settings in the local Group Policy.
- B. On the server, modify the Credential Delegation settings in the local Group Policy.
- C. On all client computers, modify the Password Policy settings in the local Group Policy.
- D. On all client computers, modify the Credential Delegation settings in the local Group Policy.

Answer: D

Question: 6

You manage a member server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server runs the Terminal Server Gateway (TS Gateway) role service. You need to find out whether a user named User1 has ever connected to his office workstation through the TS Gateway server. What should you do?

- A. View the events in the Monitoring folder from the TS Gateway Manager console.
- B. View the Event Viewer Security log.
- C. View the Event Viewer Application log.
- D. View the Event Viewer Terminal Services-Gateway log.

Answer: D

Question: 7

You have a Terminal Server that runs Windows Server 2008. You create a Windows Installer package for Microsoft Office Word 2007 by using Terminal Services RemoteApp (TS RemoteApp). You install the package on a client computer. You double-click on a Word document and receive the following error. Windows cannot open this file. You need to ensure that you can open the Word document by double-clicking on the file. What should you do?

- A. Recreate the Windows Installer package.
- B. Modify the file association on the client computer.
- C. Modify the file association on the TS RemoteApp server.
- D. Install the Windows Installer package by using msixexec.exe.

Answer: C

Question: 8

You have a server that runs the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role service. Users need to connect remotely through the gateway to desktop computers located in their offices. You create a security group named Remote1 for the users who need to connect to computers in their offices. You need to enable the users to connect to the TS Gateway. What should you do?

- A. Add the Remote1 security group to the local remote desktop users group on the TS Gateway server.
- B. Create a client authorization policy. Add the Remote1 security group and enable Device redirection.

- C. Create a resource authorization policy. Add the Remote1 security group and enable Users to connect to any resource.
- D. Create a Group Policy object and enable the Set TS Gateway authentication method properties to Ask for credentials, use Basic protocol. Apply the policy to the TS Gateway server.

Answer: B

Question: 9

Your company has an Active Directory domain. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role service is installed on a server named Server1. The Terminal Services role is installed on servers named Server2 and Server3. Server2 and Server3 are configured in a load balancing Terminal Server farm named TSLoad. You install and configure the Terminal Services (TS) Session Broker service on a new server named Server4. You need to configure Server2 and Server3 to join the TS Session Broker. What should you do next?

- A. Configure Server2 and Server3 to use the TS Gateway role service to access TS Session Broker.
- B. Create a new Group Policy object (GPO) that assigns Server4 to Server2 and Server3 as their session broker server. Apply the GPO to Server2 and Server3.
- C. Configure a Group Policy object (GPO) to set the Set TS Gateway server address option in the Terminal Services Security section to Server1. Apply the GPO to all client computers.
- D. Configure a Group Policy object (GPO) to set the Require secure RPC communications option in the Terminal Services Security section to False. Apply the GPO to Server2 and Server3.

Answer: B

Question: 10

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The Terminal Services role is installed on a member server named TS01. The Terminal Services Licensing role service is installed on a new test server named TS10 in a workgroup. You cannot enable the Terminal Services Per User Client Access License (TS Per User CAL) mode in the Terminal Services Licensing role service on TS10. You need to ensure that you can use TS Per User CAL mode on TS10. What should you do?

- A. Join TS10 to the domain.
- B. Disjoin TS01 from the domain.
- C. Extend the schema to add attributes for Terminal Services Licensing.
- D. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that configures TS01 to use TS10 for licensing.

Answer: A

Question: 11

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company runs Terminal Services. Standard users who connect to the Terminal Server are in the TSUsers organizational unit (OU). Administrative users are in the TSAdmins OU. No other users connect to the Terminal Server. You need to ensure that only members of the TSAdmins OU can run the Remote Desktop Protocol files. What should you do?

- A. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that configures the Allow .rdp files from unknown publishers policy setting in the Remote Desktop Client Connection template to Disabled. Apply the GPO to the TSUsers OU.
- B. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that configures the Allow .rdp files from valid publishers and users default .rdp settings policy setting in the Remote Desktop Client Connection template to Disabled. Apply the GPO to the TSUsers OU.
- C. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that configures the Allow .rdp files from valid publishers and users default .rdp settings policy setting in the Remote Desktop Client Connection template to Enabled. Apply the GPO to the TSAdmins OU.
- D. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) that configures the Specify SHA1 thumbprints of certificates representing trusted .rdp publishers policy setting in the Remote Desktop Client Connection template to Enabled. Apply the GPO to the TSAdmins OU.

Answer: B

Question: 12

A server named Server2 runs Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services server role is installed on Server2. You plan to deploy a new Terminal Services application on Server2. The application vendor confirms that the application can be deployed in a Terminal Services environment. The application does not use Microsoft Windows Installer packages for installation. The application makes changes to the current user registry during installation. You need to install the application to support multiple user sessions. What should you do?

- A. Run the `mstsc /v:Server2 /console` command from the client computer to log on to Server2. Install the application.
- B. Run the `change user /execute` command on Server2. Install the application and run the `change user /install` command on Server2.
- C. Run the `change user /install` command on Server2. Install the application and run the `change user /execute` command on Server2.
- D. Run the `change logon /disable` command on Server2. Install the application and run the `change logon /enable` command on Server2.

Answer: C

Question: 13

Your company has an Active Directory domain. A server named Server2 runs Windows Server 2008. All client computers run Windows Vista. You install the Terminal Services role, Terminal Services Web Access role service, and Terminal Services Gateway role service on Server2. You need to ensure that all client computers have compliant firewall, antivirus software, and antispyware. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Configure Network Access Protection (NAP) on a server in the domain.
- B. Add the Terminal Services servers to the Windows Authorization Access domain local security group.
- C. Add the Terminal Services client computers to the Windows Authorization Access domain local security group.
- D. Enable the Request clients to send a statement of health option in the Terminal Services client access policy.

Answer: A, D

Question: 14

You manage a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services role is installed on the server. A Terminal Services application runs on the server. Users report that the application

stops responding. You monitor the memory usage on the server for a week. You discover that the application has a memory leak. A patch is not currently available. You create a new resource-allocation policy in Microsoft Windows Server Resource Manager. You configure a Process Matching Criteria named TrackShip and select the application. You need to terminate the application when the application consumes more than half of the available memory on the server. What should you do?

- A. Configure the resource-allocation policy and set the maximum working set limit option to half the available memory on the server. Set the new policy as a Profiling Policy.
- B. Configure the resource-allocation policy and set the maximum working set limit option to half the available memory on the server. Set the new policy as a Managing Policy.
- C. Configure the resource-allocation policy and set the maximum committed memory option to half the available memory on the server. Set the new policy as a Profiling Policy.
- D. Configure the resource-allocation policy and set the maximum committed memory option to half the available memory on the server. Set the new policy as a Managing Policy.

Answer: D

Question: 15

Your company has an Active Directory domain. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services Gateway role service is installed on a server named Server1. The Terminal Services role is installed on two servers named Server2 and Server3. Server2 and Server3 are configured in a load balancing Terminal Server farm named TSLoad. You deploy the Terminal Services (TS) Session Broker service on a new server named Server4. You confirm that the TS Session Broker works correctly. You deploy a hardware load balancing device to handle the load distribution to the Terminal Server farm. The device has specialized support for terminal servers and routing tokens. You discover that the TS Session Broker no longer works correctly. You need to ensure that the TS Session Broker works correctly. Which Group Policy object (GPO) should you create and apply to the Terminal Server farm?

- A. A GPO that enables the Use IP Address Redirection policy setting in the Session Directory section of the Terminal Server Group Policy template.
- B. A GPO that disables the Use IP Address Redirection policy setting in the TS Session Broker section of the Terminal Server Group Policy template.
- C. A GPO that enables the Use TS Session Broker Load Balancing policy setting in the Session Directory section of the Terminal Server Group Policy template.
- D. A GPO that disables the Use TS Session Broker Load Balancing policy setting in the Session Directory section of the Terminal Server Group Policy template.

Answer: B

Question: 16

You manage a server named SSP1 that runs Windows Server 2008. SSP1 has the Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) role in standalone mode. You manage another Windows Server 2008 server named SSP2. You install the WSS role on SSP2. During the installation, you indicate that SSP2 must be a member of a WSS server farm. You are unable to connect to SSP1 in the server farm. You need to configure SSP1 and SSP2 in a WSS server farm. What should you do?

- A. Restart the Web Management service on SSP1.
- B. Set the Microsoft .NET Framework Trust Level to Low on both SSP1 and SSP2.
- C. Set the Microsoft .NET Framework Trust Level to Medium on both SSP1 and SSP2.
- D. Uninstall and reinstall WSS on SSP1 and select the server farm mode during the installation.

Answer: D

Question: 17

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2008 named Server1 and Server2. You install Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) 3.0 on Server1. You install the SMTP feature on Server2. You configure the outgoing e-mail settings on Server1 to use the SMTP service on Server2. You need to ensure that e-mail messages from Server1 are forwarded to users. What should you do?

- A. On Server2, create a new application pool, and then associate the application pool with a new Web site.
- B. On Server2, configure the SMTP service to accept anonymous connections and to relay e-mail messages.
- C. On Server1, create a new application pool. On an internal DNS server, create a new MX record for Server1.
- D. On Server1, create a new application pool. On an internal DNS server, create a new MX record for Server2.

Answer: B

Question: 18

You install a new server named MediaSrv2 that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Streaming Media Services role installed. All client computers run Windows Vista and use the Windows Media Player 11 application. You configure a Publishing Point and assign a content source that has video media. Users are unable to pause and rewind the media player. You need to ensure that the users are able to control the playback of the streaming media. What should you do?

- A. Reconfigure the Publishing Point as an on-demand publishing point.
- B. Configure MediaSrv2 to only use the Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP).
- C. Configure MediaSrv2 to only use the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP).
- D. Enable Publishing Points ACL Authorization on the Publishing Point.

Answer: A

Question: 19

Your network consists of a single Active Directory domain. The domain contains a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) server role installed. You need to allow users to create distribution lists from a SharePoint site. What should you do on the WSS server?

- A. Set the outgoing mail character set to 1200(Unicode).
- B. Enable the SharePoint Directory Management Service.
- C. Configure the site to accept messages from authenticated users only.
- D. Configure the site to use the default Rights Management server in Active Directory Domain Services.

Answer: B

Question: 20

You manage a new server that runs Windows Server 2008. You plan to install the Streaming Media Services role on the server. Users will access content on the new server by using Windows Media Player for Windows Vista and Windows Media Player for Mac. You need to install the Streaming Media Services role on the server to support both media players. What should you do?

- A. Install Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- B. Install Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP).
- C. Install Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP).
- D. Install RPC over HTTPS.

Answer: B

Question: 21

Your company uses Public folders and Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning. The company asks you to install Microsoft Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) as a server in a new server farm. You plan to install WSS on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You start the Configuration Wizard to begin the installation. You receive an error message as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) You need to configure WSS to start SharePoint Services 3.0 Central Administration.



- A. Install the Windows Internal Database.
- B. Install a Microsoft SQL Server 2005 server.
- C. Install the Active Directory Rights Management Services role.
- D. Install the Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services role.

Answer: B

Question: 22

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2008 named Server1 and Server2. Both servers have the Windows Media Services server role installed. Server2 is a License Clearing House. You publish an audio file on Server1. The audio file is licensed by Server2. You need to ensure that users are allowed to use the audio file for only two days. What should you do?

- A. On Server1, modify the key ID.
- B. On Server1, modify the license key seed.
- C. On Server2, modify the license.
- D. On Server2, create a new package.

Answer: C

Question: 23

You have a Windows Server 2008 server that has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. The server contains a Web site. You need to ensure that the cookies sent from the Web site are encrypted on users computers. Which Web site feature should you configure?

- A. Authorization Rules
- B. Machine Key
- C. Pages And Controls
- D. SSL Settings

Answer: B

Question: 24

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Web Server (IIS) role is installed. You plan to host multiple Web sites on the server. You configure a single IP address for the server. All Web sites are registered in DNS to point to the single IP address. You need to ensure that each Web site only responds to requests by name from all client computers. What should you do?

- A. Configure a unique port for each Web site.
- B. Configure a unique IP address for each Web site.
- C. Configure a unique Host Header for each Web site.
- D. Edit the Hosts file on the server to add all the Web site names associated to the network address.

Answer: C

Question: 25

You install the FTP role service on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. Users receive an error message when they attempt to upload files to the FTP site. You need to allow authenticated users to upload files to the FTP site. What should you do?

- A. Run the `ftp Ca 192.168.1.200` command on the server that runs Windows Server 2008.
- B. Run the `appcmd unlock config` command on the server that runs Windows Server 2008.
- C. Configure Write permissions on the FTP site. Configure the NTFS permissions on the FTP destination folder for the Authenticated Users group to Allow - Modify.
- D. Configure Write permissions on the FTP site. Configure the NTFS permissions on the FTP destination folder for the Authenticated Users group to Allow C Write attributes.

Answer: C

Question: 26

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed and all the Web Server role services installed. You need to provide a user the ability to administer a Web site. Which feature should you configure?

- A. .Net Roles
- B. .Net Users
- C. Authentication
- D. IIS Manager Permissions

Answer: D

Question: 27

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. You have an SMTP gateway that connects to the Internet. The internal firewall prevents all computers, except the SMTP gateway, from establishing connections

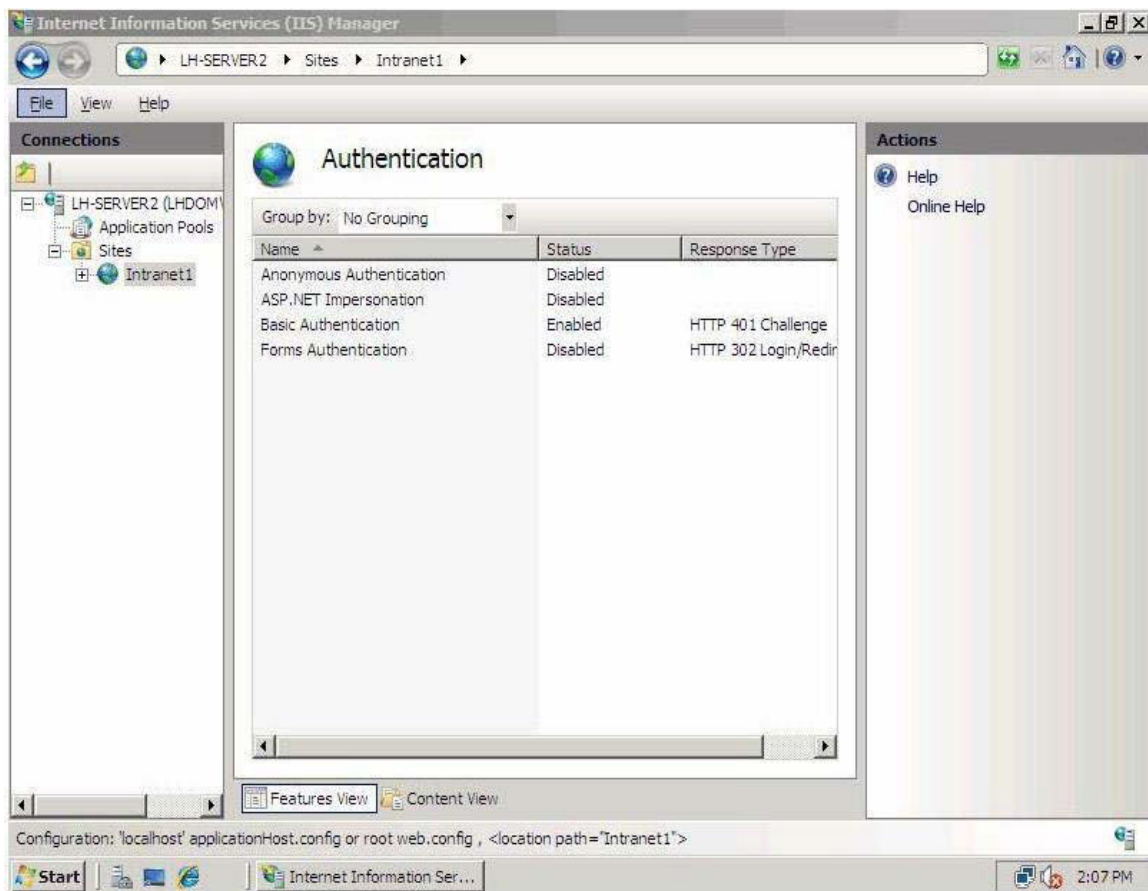
over TCP port 25. You configure the SMTP gateway to relay e-mail for Server1. You need to configure a Web site on Server1 to send e-mail to Internet users. What should you do?

- A. On Server1, install the SMTP Server feature.
- B. On Server1, configure the SMTP E-mail feature for the Web site.
- C. On an internal DNS server, create an MX record for Server1.
- D. On an internal DNS server, create an MX record for the SMTP gateway.

Answer: B

Question: 28

You manage a member server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The Web server hosts a Web site named Intranet1. Only internal Active Directory user accounts have access to the Web site. The authentication settings for Intranet1 are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) You need to ensure that users authenticate to the Web site by using only the Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol version 2 (MS-CHAPv2) encrypted Active Directory credentials. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution.)



- A. Add the Digest Authentication role service and the URL Authorization role service to the server.
- B. Add the Windows Authentication role service to IIS. Configure the Windows Authentication setting to Enabled in the Intranet1 properties.

- C. Configure the Basic Authentication setting to Disabled in the Intranet1 properties.
- D. Configure the Default domain field for the Basic Authentication settings on Intranet1 by adding the name of the Active Directory domain.
- E. Configure the Basic Authentication setting to Disabled and the Anonymous Authentication setting to Enabled in the Intranet1 properties.

Answer: B, C

Question: 29

You have the Web Server (IIS) role installed on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You create a Web site named contoso.com. You copy an application named WebContent to the server. You need to enable the WebContent application on the Web site. What should you do?

- A. At the command prompt on the server, run the appcmd add site command.
- B. At the command prompt on the server, run the appcmd add vdir command.
- C. Select the Web site from the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager console. Select Add Application.
- D. Select the Web site from the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager console. Select Add Virtual Directory.

Answer: C

Question: 30

You install the Web Server (IIS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. Your company's human resources department has a Web site named www.contoso.com/hr. You need to create a virtual directory on the company Web site for the HR department. Which command should you run on the Web server?

- A. appcmd add app /app.name:contoso /path:/hr /physicalPath:c:\websites\hr
- B. appcmd add site /name:hr /physicalPath:c:\websites\hr
- C. appcmd add vdir /app.name:contoso /path:/hr /physicalPath:c:\websites\hr
- D. appcmd set vdir /vdir.name:hr /path:/hr /physicalPath:c:\websites\hr

Answer: C

Question: 31

You have a Windows Server 2008 server that has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. The server hosts multiple Web sites. You need to configure the server to automatically release memory for a single Web site. You must achieve this goal without affecting the other Web sites. What should you do?

- A. Create a new Web site and edit the bindings for the Web site.
- B. Create a new application pool and associate the Web site to the application pool.
- C. Create a new virtual directory and modify the Physical Path Credentials on the virtual directory.
- D. From the Application Pool Defaults, modify the Recycling options.

Answer: B

Question: 32

Your company has a new server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Web Server (IIS) role is installed. Your company hosts a public Web site. You notice unusually high traffic volume on the Web site. You need to identify the source of the traffic. What should you do?

- A. Enable the Web scripting option.

- B. Run the netstat Can command on the server.
- C. Create a custom view in Event Viewer to filter information from the security log.
- D. Enable Web site logging in the IIS Server Manager and filter the logs for the source IP address.

Answer: D

Question: 33

You install the Web Server (IIS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You configure a Web site named contoso.com and a Web application named Acctg on the Web server. The Web server runs out of disk space. You move Acctg to another drive on the Web server. The following table shows the current application configuration. Users report that they cannot access Acctg. You need to enable users to access Acctg.

Application	Web location	Original location	New location
Acctg	contoso/Acctg	d:\Acctg	f:\Acctg

- A. appcmd add app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:d:\Acctg
- B. appcmd add app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:f:\Acctg
- C. appcmd set app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:d:\Acctg
- D. appcmd set app /site.name: contoso /path:/Acctg /physicalPath:f:\Acctg

Answer: D

Question: 34

You install the Web Server (IIS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. Your company's default Web site has an IP address of 10.10.0.1. You add a Web site named HelpDesk. The HelpDesk Web site cannot be started. You need to configure the Helpdesk Web site so that it can be started. What should you do?

- A. Run the iisreset /enable command on the server.
- B. Configure the Helpdesk Web site to use a host header.
- C. Run the appcmd add site /name: HelpDesk /id:2 /physicalPath: c:\HelpDesk /binding:http/*:80:helpdesk command on the server.
- D. Run the set-location Cliteralpath "d:\HelpDesk_content" HelpDesk ID:2 location port:80 domain:helpdesk command in the Microsoft Windows PowerShell tool on the server.

Answer: B

Question: 35

Your company runs Windows Server 2008. The company network is configured as an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The network has a Web server named WEB1. The domain users access WEB1 by using http://web1. You generate a self-signed certificate for WEB1 and configure WEB1 to use SSL. Users report that they get a warning message when they connect to WEB1 by using https://web1. You need to ensure that users can connect to WEB1 without receiving a warning message. What should you do?

- A. Add the https: //web1 name to the list of Trusted Sites zone on all the computers in the domain.
- B. Open the Certificates console on WEB1. Export the self-signed certificate to a web1.cer file. Install the web1.cer file on all the computers in the domain.

C. Join WEB1 to the contoso.com domain. Reissue the self-signed certificate. Request all the users to use https: //web1.contoso.com to connect to WEB1.

D. Create a DNS Host (A) Record for WEB1 in the contoso.com zone. Reissue the self-signed certificate. Request all the users to use https: //web1.contoso.com to connect to WEB1.

Answer: B

Question: 36

You implement a member server that runs Windows Server 2008. The member server has the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The member server also hosts intranet Web sites. Your company policy has the following requirements: Use encryption for all authentication traffic to the intranet Web site. Authenticate users by using their Active Directory credentials. Avoid the use of SSL on the Web server for performance reasons. You need to configure all the Web sites on the server to meet the company policy. Which three actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose three.)

- A. Configure the Basic Authentication setting on the server to Enabled.
- B. Configure the Digest Authentication setting on the server to Enabled.
- C. Configure the Windows Authentication setting on the server to Enabled.
- D. Configure the Anonymous Authentication setting on the server to Disabled.
- E. Configure the Active Directory Client Certificate Authentication setting on the server to Enabled.

Answer: B, C, D

Question: 37

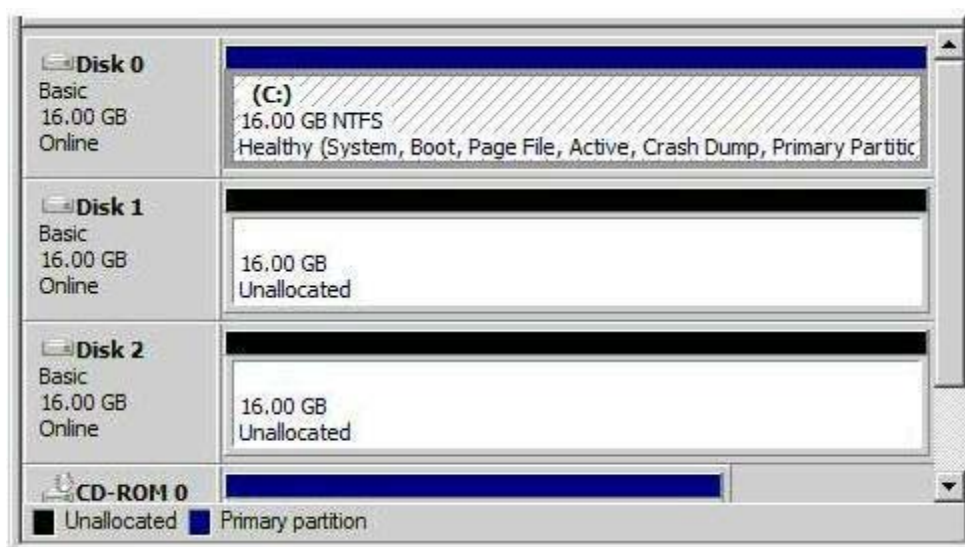
Your company has a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) role installed. You need to activate SSL for the default Web site. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Obtain and import a server certificate by using the IIS Manager console.
- B. Select the Generate Key option in the Machine Key dialog box for the default Web site.
- C. Add bindings for the HTTPS protocol to the default Web site by using the IIS Manager console.
- D. Install the Digest Authentication component for the Web server role by using the Server Manager console.

Answer: A, C

Question: 38

Your company has a single Active Directory domain. All the servers run Windows Server 2008. You have a server named FS1 that has the File Services role installed. The disks are configured as shown in the following exhibit. You need to create a new drive volume to support data striping with parity. What should you do?



- A. Add another disk. Create a New RAID-5 Volume.
- B. Create a new Striped Volume by using Disk 1 and Disk 2.
- C. Create a New Mirrored Volume by using Disk 1 and Disk 2.
- D. Create a New Spanned Volume by using Disk 1 and Disk 2.

Answer: A

Question: 39

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008 and has the Windows Server Virtualization (WSv) server role installed. You create a new virtual machine. You need to configure the virtual machine to meet the following requirements: Allow network communications between the virtual machine and the host system. Prevent communications with other network servers. What should you do first?

- A. Install the Microsoft Loopback Adapter.
- B. Create a new Virtual Network Switch.
- C. Enable Internet Connection Sharing (ICS).
- D. Set the Connection to None for the network interface card.

Answer: B

Question: 40

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Server virtualization role service installed. You create a new virtual machine and perform an installation of Windows Server 2008 on the virtual machine. You configure the virtual machine to use the physical network card of the host server. You notice that you are unable to access network resources from the virtual machine. You need to ensure that the virtual host can connect to the physical network. What should you do?

- A. On the host server, install the MS Loopback adapter.
- B. On the host server, enable the Multipath I/O feature.
- C. On the virtual machine, install the MS Loopback adapter.
- D. On the virtual machine, install Windows Server virtualization Guest Integration Components.

Answer: D

Question: 41

You have two servers named FC1 and FC2 that run Windows Server 2008 Enterprise Edition. Both servers have the Failover Clustering feature installed. You configure the servers as a two-node cluster. The cluster runs an application named APP1. Business hours for your company are to 17:00. APP1 must be available during these hours. You configure FC1 as the preferred owner for APP1. You need to prevent failback of the cluster during business hours. What should you do?

Set the Period option to 8 hours in the Failover properties.

Set the Allow failback option to allow failback between 17 and 9 hours in the Failover properties.

Enable the Prevent failback option in the Failover properties.

Enable the If resource fails, attempt restart on current node policy for all APP1 resources. Set the Maximum restarts for specified period to 0.

Answer: B

Question: 42

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Server virtualization role service installed. You need to merge a differencing disk and a parent disk. What should you do?

A. Edit the parent disk.

B. Inspect the parent disk.

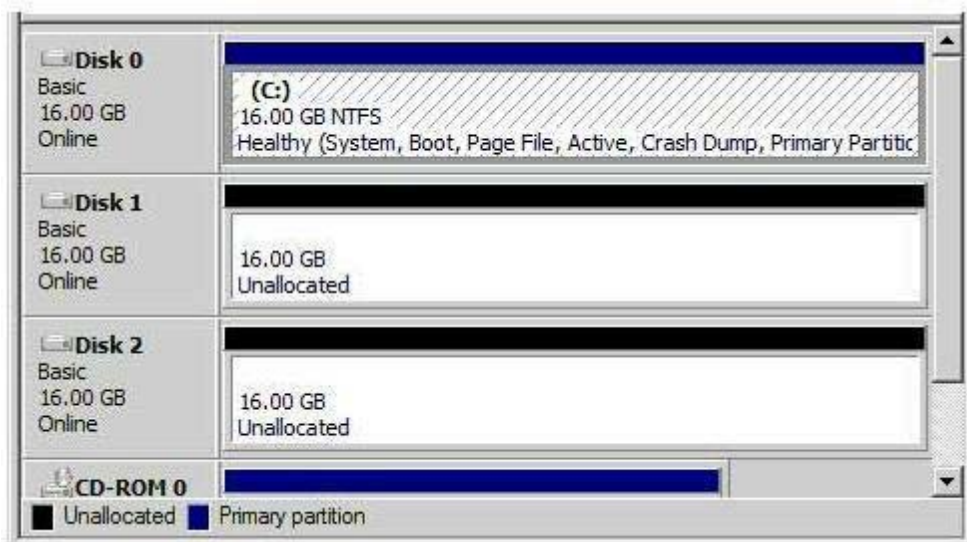
C. Edit the differencing disk.

D. Inspect the differencing disk.

Answer: C

Question: 43

Your company has a single Active Directory domain. All the servers run Windows Server 2008. You have a server named FS1 that has the File Services role installed. The company requires that the data disk drives provide redundancy. The disks are configured as shown in the following exhibit. You need to configure the hard disk drives to support RAID 1. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution Choose two.)



- A. Convert Disk 1 and Disk 2 to Dynamic.
- B. Create a Striped Volume across Disk 1 and Disk 2.
- C. Create a New Mirrored Volume by using Disk 1 and Disk 2.
- D. Create a New Spanned Volume by using Disk 1 and Disk 2.

Answer: A, C

Question: 44

Your company has four regional offices. You install the Windows Deployment Services (WDS) role on the network. Your company creates three images for each office. There are a total of 12 images for the company. The images will be used as standard images for workstations. You deploy the images by using WDS. You need to ensure that each administrator can view only the images for his or her regional office. What should you do?

- A. Create a global group for each regional office and place the computers in the appropriate global group.
- B. Create an organizational unit (OU) for each regional office and place the computers in the appropriate OU.
- C. Place all images into a single image group on the WDS server. Grant each administrator permissions to the image group.
- D. Place each regional office into a separate image group on the WDS server. Grant each administrator permissions to his or her regional offices image group.

Answer: D

Question: 45

You install the Windows Deployment Services (WDS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You plan to install Windows Vista on a computer that does not support Preboot Execution Environment (PXE). You have a Windows Vista image that is stored on the WDS server. You need to start the computer and install the image that is stored on the WDS server. What should you create?

- A. A capture image
- B. A CD-ROM that contains PXE drivers
- C. A discover image
- D. An install image

Answer: C

Question: 46

Your company named Contoso, Ltd. has a two-node Network Load Balancing cluster. The cluster is intended to provide high availability and load balancing for only the intranet Web site. The name of the cluster is web.contoso.com. You discover that Contoso users can see the Network Load Balancing cluster in the network neighborhood and can connect to various services by using the web.contoso.com name. The web.contoso.com Network Load Balancing cluster is configured with only one port rule. You need to configure the web.contoso.com Network Load Balancing cluster to accept only HTTP traffic. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Log on to one of the cluster nodes and run the wlbs disable all command.
- B. Open the Network Load Balancing Clusters console and delete the default port rules.
- C. Open the Network Load Balancing Clusters console and create a new Allow rule for TCP port 80.
- D. Open the Network Load Balancing Clusters console and change the default port rule to a disabled port range rule.

Answer: B, C

Question: 47

Your company has an Active Directory domain. You have a server named KMS1 that runs Windows Server 2008. You install and configure Key Management Service (KMS) on KMS1. You plan to deploy Windows Server 2008 on 10 new servers. You install the first two servers. The servers fail to activate by using KMS1. You need to activate the new servers by using the KMS server. What should you do?

- A. Complete the installation of the remaining eight servers.
- B. Configure Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) exceptions in Windows Firewall on the new servers.
- C. Install Volume Activation Management Tool (VAMT) on the KMS server and configure Multiple Activation Key (MAK) Proxy Activation.
- D. Install Volume Activation Management Tool (VAMT) on the KMS server and configure Multiple Activation Key (MAK) Independent Activation.

Answer: A

Question: 48

Your company has a server named VS1 that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V. VS1 hosts 10 virtual machines. You need to configure VS1 to shut down each virtual machine before the server shuts down. What should you do?

- A. Create a shutdown script on each virtual machine.
- B. Install Integration Services on each virtual machine.
- C. Enable the Turn off the virtual machine option in the Automatic stop action properties on each virtual machine.
- D. Enable the Shut down the guest operating system option in the Automatic stop action properties on each virtual machine.

Answer: D

Question: 49

You company has a server named VS1 that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V. The VS1 server hosts 10 virtual servers. A virtual server named VS-DB has one 64-GB fixed-size virtual hard disk (VHD). The VHD file name is disk1.vhd. You discover that VS-DB utilizes only 5 GB of the VHD. You turn off the VS-DB to make the disk1.vhd file as small as possible. What should you do?(To answer, move the appropriate tasks from the list of tasks to the answer

Tasks	Answer Area
Compact the disk2.vhd file.	
Delete the disk1.vhd file. Rename disk2.vhd to disk1.vhd.	
Convert the disk2.vhd file to a new fixed-size VHD file named disk1.vhd.	
Convert the disk1.vhd file to a new dynamically expanding VHD file named disk2.vhd.	
Create a new differencing VHD file named disk2.vhd that has disk1.vhd as a parent disk.	

Answer:

Tasks	Answer Area
Compact the disk2.vhd file.	Convert the disk1.vhd file to a new dynamically expanding VHD file named disk2.vhd.
Delete the disk1.vhd file. Rename disk2.vhd to disk1.vhd.	Compact the disk2.vhd file.
Convert the disk2.vhd file to a new fixed-size VHD file named disk1.vhd.	Delete the disk1.vhd file. Rename disk2.vhd to disk1.vhd.
Convert the disk1.vhd file to a new dynamically expanding VHD file named disk2.vhd.	
Create a new differencing VHD file named disk2.vhd that has disk1.vhd as a parent disk.	

Question: 50

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company has a server named Server1 that has the Terminal Services role and the Terminal Services Web Access role installed. The company has a server named Server2 that runs ISA Server 2006. The company deploys the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role on a new server named Server3. The company wants to use ISA as the SSL endpoint for Terminal Server connections. You need to configure the TS Gateway role on Server3 to use ISA 2006 on Server2. What should you do?

- A. Configure the TS Gateway to use SSL HTTPS-HTTP bridging.
- B. Configure the Terminal Services Connection Authorization Policy Store on Server3 to use Server2 as the Central Network Policy Server.
- C. Export the SSL certificate from Server2 and install the SSL certificate on Server3. Configure the TS Gateway to use the SSL certificate from Server2.
- D. Export a self-signed SSL certificate from Server3 and install the SSL certificate on Server2. Configure the ISA service on Server2 to use the SSL certificate from Server3.

Answer: A

Question: 51

Your company has an Active Directory domain. A server named Server1 runs Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services role and the Terminal Services Web Access role service are installed on Server1. You install the Terminal Services Gateway role service on Server1. You

create the Terminal Services connection authorization policy. Users report that they cannot connect to Server1. You need to ensure that users can connect to Server1. What should you do?

- A. Configure Network Access Protection (NAP) on Server1.
- B. Configure the Terminal Services Resource Authorization Policy (RAP) on Server1.
- C. Create a Terminal Services Group Policy object (GPO). Enable the Allow users to connect remotely using Terminal Services setting on the GPO. Link the GPO to the domain.
- D. Create a Terminal Services Group Policy object (GPO). Enable the Set path for TS Roaming Profiles setting on the GPO. Create an organization unit (OU) named TSUsers. Link the GPO to the TSUsers OU.

Answer: B

Question: 52

Your company runs Terminal Services on a server named Server2. You need to prevent new sessions on the Terminal Server without affecting current user sessions. Which command should you run?

- A. Change logon /disable
- B. Change user /execute disable
- C. Tskill /server:Server2 /A
- D. Taskkill /S Server2 /fi "MODULES eq TermSrv"

Answer: A

Question: 53

You have four Terminal Servers that run Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Servers are named Server1, Server2, Server3, and Server4. You install the Terminal Server Session Broker role service on Server1. You need to configure load balancing for the four Terminal Servers. You must ensure that Server2 is the preferred server for Terminal Services sessions. Which tool should you use?

- A. Group Policy Manager
- B. Terminal Services Configuration
- C. Terminal Services Manager
- D. TS Gateway Manager

Answer: B

Question: 54

You have a Terminal Server that runs Windows Server 2008. You need to configure the server to end any sessions that are inactive for more than one hour. What should you do?

- A. From Terminal Services Manager, create a new group.
- B. From Terminal Services Manager, delete the inactive sessions.
- C. From Terminal Services Configuration, modify the RDP-Tcp settings.
- D. From Terminal Services Configuration, modify the User logon mode setting.

Answer: C

Question: 55

Your company has an Active Directory domain. You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services role is installed on the server. The company security policy does not allow users to copy and paste information to a local computer during a Terminal Services

session. You deploy the remote application named APP1. You need to configure Terminal Services to meet the security requirement. What should you do?

- A. Enable the Use temporary folders per session option.
- B. Change the Security Encryption Level to FIPS Compliant.
- C. Deselect the Clipboard option in the RDP Settings for the published application.
- D. Disable the Drive option in the RDP-Tcp Client Setting properties for the server.

Answer: C

Question: 56

You manage 20 servers that run Windows Server 2008. The Terminal Services role and the Microsoft Windows System Resource Manager (WSRM) feature are installed on all the servers. You create and configure a resource-allocation policy that has the required custom settings on a server named TS01. You need to configure the WSRM settings on all the servers to match the WSRM settings on TS01. What should you do?

- A. Use the Windows Backup tool to back up only the System State data on TS01. Use the Windows Backup tool to restore the System State data on each server.
- B. Use the WSRM console on each server to enable the Accounting function. Configure the Remote WSRM accounting option to TS01 on each server.
- C. Use the WSRM console on TS01 to export the WSRM information to a shared folder. Use the WSRM console to import the WSRM information from the shared folder.
- D. Use the regedit tool to export the HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\WSRM registry key on TS01 to a shared folder. On each server, delete this registry key and use the regedit tool to import the registry key from the shared folder.

Answer: C

Question: 57

You manage a server named Server2 that runs Windows Server 2008. You install and test the Terminal Services role on Server2. You publish an application by using Terminal Services. All users must connect to the Terminal Services application by using the Remote Desktop Protocol. You install and configure the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role service on Server2. You configure a default domain policy to enable the Enable Connection through TS Gateway setting. Users report that they cannot connect to the Terminal Services application. You need to ensure that users can access the Terminal Services application on the intranet and from the Internet. What should you do?

- A. Configure the Enable Connection through TS Gateway Group Policy setting to Disabled.
- B. Configure the Set TS Gateway server address Group Policy and configure the IP address of the TS Gateway server. Link the GPO to the domain.
- C. Configure Server Authentication on the Remote Desktop Connection client to Always connect, even if server authentication fails for all users.
- D. Enable the Set TS Gateway server authentication method Group Policy to the Ask for credential, use NTLM protocol setting. Link the GPO to the domain.

Answer: B

Question: 58

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company has a server named Server1 that has the Terminal Services role and the Terminal Services Web Access role installed.

All client computers run Windows XP Service Pack 2 (SP2). You deploy and publish an application named TimeReport on Server1. The Terminal Services Web Access role uses Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) and Network Level Authentication is enabled. You need to ensure that the users can launch TimeReport on Server1 from the Terminal Services Web Access Web page. What should you do?

- A. Disable publishing to AD DS for the TimeReport remote application.
- B. Install the Remote Desktop Client 6.1 application on the client computers that run Windows XP SP2.
- C. Publish TimeReport on Server1 as a Microsoft Windows Installer package. Distribute the Windows Installer package to the users.
- D. Install the Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) role on Server1. Reconfigure the TimeReport remote application publishing to reflect the change in the infrastructure.

Answer: B

Question: 59

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company runs Terminal Services. All client computers run Windows Vista Service Pack 1. You need to ensure that users are able to run Windows Media Player 11 during a Terminal Services session. What should you do?

- A. Install the Desktop Experience feature on the Terminal Server.
- B. Install the Quality Windows Audio Video Experience feature on the Terminal Server.
- C. Create a new Group Policy object (GPO) by using the Desktop Window Manager template. Configure the Do not allow desktop composition option to True. Apply the GPO to all client computers in the domain.
- D. Create a new Group Policy object (GPO) that configures the Policy-based QoS option and set the Differential Services Code Point value to 10 for the Windows Media Player 11 executable. Apply the GPO to the Terminal Server.

Answer: A

Question: 60

You manage a member server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Terminal Services role installed. Microsoft Windows System Resource Manager (WSRM) is installed on the server. Users report performance degradation on the Terminal Server. You monitor the server and notice that one user is consuming 100 percent of the processor time. You create a resource-allocation policy named Policy1 that limits each user to 30 percent of the total processor time. You observe no performance improvement. You need to configure WSRM to enforce Policy1. What should you do?

- A. Set Policy1 as the Profiling Policy.
- B. Set Policy1 as the Managing Policy.
- C. Restart the Terminal Services Configuration service.
- D. Launch the WSRM application by using the user context of the Terminal Server System account.

Answer: B

Question: 61

Your company has an Active Directory domain. The company runs Terminal Services. You configure the main office printer as the default printer on the Terminal Server. The company policy states that all remote client computers must meet the following requirements: The main office printer must be the default printer of the client computers.

Users must be able to access their local printers during a terminal session. You need to create a Group Policy Object by using the Terminal Services Printer Redirection template to meet the company policy. What should you do?

- A. Set the Easy Print driver first option to Disabled. Apply the GPO to the Terminal Server.
- B. Set the Use Terminal Services Easy Print driver first option to Disabled. Apply the GPO to all the client computers.
- C. Set the Do not set default client printer to be default printer in a session option to Enabled. Apply the GPO to the Terminal Server.
- D. Set the Do not set default client printer to be default printer in a session option to Enabled. Apply the GPO to all the client computers.

Answer: C

Question: 62

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008 Enterprise Edition. The server has the Failover Clustering feature installed. The server has three nodes named NODE1, NODE2, and NODE3. The Microsoft Distributed Transaction Coordinator (MSDTC) resource is installed on the cluster. The cluster has a dedicated cluster group named Group1 that includes the MSDTC resource. You discover that Group1 is unable to failover to NODE3 from NODE1 or NODE2. The failover from NODE1 to NODE2 functions without errors. You need to configure Group1 to support the failover between all cluster nodes. What should you do?

- A. Remove the MSDTC resource from Group1.
- B. Select NODE3 as a preferred owner for Group1.
- C. Remove NODE3 as a possible owner from all cluster resources in Group1.
- D. Configure NODE3 as a possible owner for all cluster resources in Group1.

Answer: D

Question: 63

Your company has a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V. Server1 hosts three virtual machines. Company policy states that the virtual machines must not connect to the company network. You need to configure all of the virtual machines to connect to each other. You must meet the company policy. Which two actions should you perform? (Each answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Select the Not connected option for each virtual machine.
- B. Enable the Enable virtual LAN identification option for each virtual machine.
- C. Set the Connection to Host for the network interface card.
- D. Set the Connection to None for the network interface card.

Answer: B, C

Question: 64

Your company has a single Active Directory domain. All servers run Windows Server 2008. You install an iSCSI storage area network (SAN) for a group of file servers. Corporate security policy requires that all data communication to and from the iSCSI SAN must be as secure as possible. You need to implement the highest security available for communications to and from the iSCSI SAN. What should you do?

- A. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) to enable the System objects: Strengthen default permission of internal systems objects setting.

- B. Create a Group Policy object (GPO) to enable the System cryptography: Use FIPS compliant algorithms for encryption, hashing, and signing setting.
- C. Implement IPsec security in the iSCSI Initiator Properties. Set up inbound and outbound rules by using Windows Firewall.
- D. Implement mutual Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (MS-CHAPv2) authentication in the iSCSI Initiator Properties. Set up inbound and outbound rules by using Windows Firewall.

Answer: C

Question: 65

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Server virtualization role service installed and has one virtual machine. The virtual machine runs Windows Server 2008. You plan to install a new application on the virtual machine. You need to ensure that you can restore the virtual machine to its original state in the event the application installation fails. What should you do?

- A. Log on to the virtual host and enable the Remote Differential Compression Features.
- B. Log on to the virtual host and enable the Windows Recovery Disk feature.
- C. From Virtualization Management Console, create a snapshot.
- D. From Virtualization Management Console, save the state of the virtual machine.

Answer: C

Question: 66

Your company has a single Active Directory domain. You have a server named WDS1 that runs Windows Server 2008. You install the Windows Deployment Services (WDS) role on WDS1. You capture an image of a reference computer. You deploy the image to 30 client computers. The client computers have the same name. You need to ensure that each client computer receives a unique security identifier. What should you do?

- A. Create an image group by using the WDS snap-in. Redeploy the image to the client computers.
- B. Run the `imagex /append "computername"` command at the command prompt on the WDS1 server. Redeploy the image to the client computers.
- C. Run the `wdsutil /answerclients:all` command at the command prompt on the WDS1 server. Redeploy the image to the client computers.
- D. Run the `wdsutil /set-server /prestageusingMAC:yes` command at the command prompt on the WDS1 server. Redeploy the image to the client computers.

Answer: D

Question: 67

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2008 named Server1 and Server2. Both servers have the Windows Server virtualization role service installed. You need to remotely manage the virtualization settings of Server2 from Server1. What should you do?

- A. From the command prompt, run `vmconnect.exe server2`.
- B. From the command prompt, run `vmconnect.exe server1 server2`.
- C. Open the Virtualization Management Console. From the left-hand pane, right-click Server1, point to New and then click Virtual machine.
- D. Open the Virtualization Management Console. From the left-hand pane, right-click Virtualization Services and then click Connect to Server.

Answer: D

Question: 68

Your company has a server named VS1 that runs Windows Server 2008 and Microsoft Hyper-V. You want to create eight virtual servers that run Windows Server 2008 and configure the virtual servers as an Active Directory forest for testing purposes. You discover that VS1 has only 30 GB of free hard disk space. You need to install the eight new virtual servers on VS1. What should you do? (To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the

Actions	Answer Area
Install Windows Server 2008.	
Activate undo disks on all virtual servers.	
Create a virtual server that has a 10-GB fixed-size virtual hard disk.	
Create eight virtual servers that have a differencing virtual hard disk attached.	
Create eight virtual servers that have a dynamically expanded virtual hard disk attached.	

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
Install Windows Server 2008.	Create a virtual server that has a 10-GB fixed-size virtual hard disk.
Activate undo disks on all virtual servers.	Install Windows Server 2008.
Create a virtual server that has a 10-GB fixed-size virtual hard disk.	Create eight virtual servers that have a differencing virtual hard disk attached.
Create eight virtual servers that have a differencing virtual hard disk attached.	
Create eight virtual servers that have a dynamically expanded virtual hard disk attached.	

Question: 69

Your company has a single Active Directory domain named contoso.com. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2008. The DNS service is installed on two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2. Both DNS servers host Active DirectoryCintegrated zones that are configured to allow the most secure updates only. DC1 has Key Management Service (KMS) installed and activated. You discover that the service locator records from the contoso.com zone hosted on DC1 and DC2 are missing. You need to force registration of the KMS service locator records in the contoso.com zone. What should you do?

- A. Configure the contoso.com zone to accept non-secure updates.
- B. On DC1 at the command prompt, run the slmgr.vbs /crearm script.
- C. On DC1 at the command prompt, run the net stop sppsvc command, and then run the net start sppsvc command.
- D. On DC2 at the command prompt, run the net stop netlogon command, and then run the net start netlogon command.

Answer: C

Question: 70

Your company named Contoso, Ltd. has a Network Load Balancing cluster named nlb.contoso.com. The cluster hosts are named WEB1 and WEB2. The cluster is configured with a single port rule that evenly distributes HTTP traffic between both hosts. You need to configure WEB2 to handle all HTTPS traffic for nlb.contoso.com. You must retain the even distribution of HTTP traffic between WEB1 and WEB2. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. In the properties for WEB2, change the Handling priority option for the TCP 443 port rule to the value of 1.
- B. In the properties for WEB1, change the Handling priority option for the TCP 443 port rule to the value of 0.
- C. In the properties for the cluster, create a new port rule for port TCP 443 that has the Filtering mode option set to Single host.
- D. In the properties for the cluster, create a new port rule for port TCP 443 that has the Filtering mode option set to Multiple host and the Affinity option set to the value of Single.

Answer: A, C

Question: 71

You have the Web Server (IIS) role installed on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You make changes to the configuration of an application named APP1. Users report that the application fails. You examine the event log and discover the following error message: 503 Service Unavailable. You need to ensure that users are able to connect to APP1. Which command should you run at the command prompt on the server?

- A. `appcmd set config`
- B. `appcmd stop apppool`
- C. `appcmd start apppool`
- D. `appcmd set apppool`

Answer: C

Question: 72

You have 10 servers that run Windows Server 2008. The servers have the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. The servers are members of a Web server farm. The servers host the same Web site. You need to configure the servers to meet the following requirements: Allow changes to the Web server configurations that are made on one server to be made on all servers in the farm. Minimize administrative effort to perform the configuration changes. What should you do?

- A. On all servers, configure the Shared Configuration settings.
- B. On one server, configure the Shared Configuration setting.
- C. On one server, create a scheduled task that copies the Intepub folder to the other servers.
- D. Create a DFS Namespace. On each server configure the Inetpub folder as the target of the DFS Namespace.

Answer: A

Question: 73

You manage a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The Web developer at your company creates a new Web site that runs an ASP.NET 3.0 Web application. The ASP.NET Web application must run under a security context that is separate from any other ASP.NET application on the Web server. You create a local user account and grant account rights and permissions to run the ASP.NET Web application. You

need to configure authentication for the new Web site to support the Web application. What should you do?

- A. Configure the Windows Authentication setting to Enabled.
- B. Configure the Forms Authentication setting to Enabled by using all the default settings.
- C. Configure the ASP.NET State service to log on to the new local user account by using the Services console.
- D. Configure the ASP.NET Impersonation setting to Enabled. Edit the ASP.NET Impersonation setting by specifying the new local user account.

Answer: D

Question: 74

You manage a computer named FTPSrv1 that runs Windows Server 2008. Your company policy requires that the FTP service be available only when required by authorized projects. You need to ensure that the FTP service is unavailable after restarting the server. What should you do?

- A. Run the iisreset command on the FTPSrv1 server.
- B. Run the net stop msftpsvc command on the FTP server.
- C. Run the suspend-service msftpsvc cmdlet in Microsoft Windows PowerShell tool.
- D. Run the WMIC /NODE:FTPSrv1 SERVICE WHERE caption="FTP Publishing Service" CALL ChangeStartMode "Disabled" command on the FTP server.

Answer: D

Question: 75

You manage a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The server hosts an Internet-accessible Web site that has a virtual directory named /orders/. A Web server certificate is installed and an SSL listener has been configured for the Web site. The /orders/ virtual directory must meet the following company policy requirements: Be accessible to authenticated users only. Allow authentication types to support all browsers. Encrypt all authentication traffic by using HTTPS. All other directories of the Web site must be accessible to anonymous users and be available without SSL. You need to configure the /orders/ virtual directory to meet the company policy requirements. Which two actions should you perform? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Configure the Web site to the Require SSL setting.
- B. Configure the /orders/ virtual directory to the Require SSL setting.
- C. Configure the Digest Authentication setting to Enabled for the /orders/ virtual directory.
- D. Configure the Basic Authentication setting to Enabled and the Anonymous Authentication setting to Disabled for the Web site.
- E. Configure the Basic Authentication setting to Enabled and the Anonymous Authentication setting to Disabled for the /orders/ virtual directory.

Answer: B, E

Question: 76

Your company named Contoso, Ltd. runs Windows Server 2008. You manage a Web server named Server1. Internet users access Server1 by using <http://www.contoso.com> and

https://www.contoso.com. The Server1 server uses an SSL certificate from a public certification authority (CA). You install an additional Web server named Server2. You configure a Network Load Balancing cluster to distribute the incoming HTTP and HTTPS traffic between both Web servers. You need to configure an SSL certificate on Server2 to support HTTPS connections. You must ensure that all users can connect to https://www.contoso.com without receiving security warnings. What should you do?

- A. Open the IIS Manager console on Server2. Create a self-signed certificate.
- B. Open the IIS Manager console on Server1. Export the SSL certificate to a .pfx file. Import the .pfx file to Server2.
- C. Open the Certificates console on Server1. Export the SSL certificate to a .cer file. Import the .cer file to Server2.
- D. Request a new SSL certificate from the public CA. Use Server2 as the Common Name in the request. Install the new certificate on Server2.

Answer: B

Question: 77

Your company named Contoso, Ltd. has a Web server named WEB1. The Web server runs Windows Server 2008. The fully qualified domain name of WEB1 is web1.contoso.com. The public DNS server has an alias record named owa.contoso.com that maps to web1.contoso.com. Users access WEB1 from the Internet by using http://owa.contoso.com. The new company security policy states that the owa.contoso.com site must be available for Internet users only through secure HTTP (HTTPS) protocol. The security policy also states that users must not get security warnings when they connect to the site. You need to request a certificate from a public certification authority (CA). Which Common Name should you use?

- A. Contoso, Ltd.
- B. owa.contoso.com
- C. WEB1
- D. web1.contoso.com

Answer: B

Question: 78

Your network contains a Windows Server 2008 server that has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. You have a Web application that uses a custom application pool. The application pool is set to recycle every 1,440 minutes. The Web application does not support multiple worker processes. You need to configure the application pool to ensure that users can access the Web application after the application pool is recycled. What should you do?

- A. Set the Shutdown Executable option to True.
- B. Set the Process Orphaning Enabled option to True.
- C. Set the Disable Overlapped Recycling option to True.
- D. Set the Disable Recycling for Configuration Changes option to True.

Answer: C

Question: 79

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Web Server (IIS) server role installed. The server contains a Web site that is configured to use only Windows Authentication. You have a security group named Group1 that contains several user

accounts. You need to prevent the members of Group1 from accessing a Web site. You must not prevent other users from accessing the Web site. Which Web site feature should you configure?

- A. Authentication
- B. Authorization Rules
- C. IIS Manager Permissions
- D. SSL Settings

Answer: B

Question: 80

You install the Web Server (IIS) role on and the SMTP Server feature on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You need to configure the new SMTP server to forward mail to the mail server of the Internet Service Provider (ISP). What should you do?

- A. Configure the smart host setting to use the local host.
- B. Configure the smart host setting to use the mail server of the ISP.
- C. Run the `appcmd /delivery method:PickupDirectoryFromIIS` command.
- D. Configure the SMTP delivery setting to Attempt direct delivery before sending to smart host.

Answer: B

Question: 81

You install the Web Server (IIS) role on a new server that runs Windows Server 2008. You install a Microsoft .NET Framework 1.0 application on a Web site on the Web server. The company security policy states that all applications must run by using the minimum level of permission. You need to configure the Web site application so that it has the permissions to execute without creating any other content and without accessing any operating system components. What should you do?

- A. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Full for the Web site.
- B. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Low for the Web site.
- C. Set the .NET Framework trust level to High for the Web site.
- D. Set the .NET Framework trust level to Medium for the Web site.

Answer: A

Question: 82

You install the Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) role on a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You create a group named SPReviewers that will access content on the WSS server. You need to restrict the permissions for the SPReviewers group to viewing items, opening items, and viewing versions. Which permissions should you configure for the SPReviewers group?

- A. Read
- B. Design
- C. Contribute
- D. Limited Access

Answer: A

Question: 83

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows Media Services server role installed. You plan to distribute a video file on DVD media. Users will view the video while working on computers that are not connected to the Internet. You

need to distribute the video to users. You also need to protect the video from unauthorized use and illegal distribution. What should you do?

- A. From Windows Media Services, publish the video as streaming content, and then burn the video to a DVD.
- B. From Windows Media Services, advertise the video. Create a DVD that contains the HTML and ASPX files for the advertised video.
- C. From Windows Media Digital Rights Manager, package the video and then advertise the video on the corporate Web site.
- D. From Windows Media Digital Rights Manager, create a package and a license for the video file. Burn the packaged video to a DVD.

Answer: D

Question: 84

Your company has a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) role is installed on the Windows Server 2008 server. You need to configure WSS to support SMTP. What should you do?

- A. Bind the SharePoint Web site to port 25.
- B. Uninstall and reinstall the WSS role.
- C. Install the SMTP Server feature by using the Server Manager console.
- D. Install the Application Server role by using the Server Manager console.

Answer: C

Question: 85

Your company has an Active Directory domain. All the servers in the company run either Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2003. A Windows Server 2003 server named WSS2 runs Microsoft SQL Server 2005 SP2 and Microsoft Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) 2.0. The company plans to migrate to WSS 3.0 on a Windows Server 2008 server named WSS3. You need to migrate the configuration and content from WSS2 to WSS3. What should you do?

- A. Back up the SharePoint configuration and content from WSS2. Install WSS 3.0 on WSS3. Restore the backup from WSS2 to WSS3.
- B. Upgrade WSS2 to Windows Server 2008. Back up the SharePoint configuration and content from WSS2. Install WSS 3.0 on WSS3. Restore the backup from WSS2 to WSS3.
- C. Back up the SQL Server 2005 configuration and the WSS 2.0 databases from WSS2. Install SQL Server 2005 on WSS3. Restore the SQL Server 2005 backup from WSS2 to WSS3.
- D. Back up the WSS 2.0 configuration and content from WSS2. Install WSS 2.0 on WSS3. Restore the backup from WSS2 to WSS3. Perform an in-place upgrade of WSS 2.0 to WSS 3.0 on WSS3.

Answer: D

Question: 86

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. The server has the Windows SharePoint Services (WSS) server role installed. The server is configured to accept incoming e-mail. You create a new document library. You need to ensure that any user can send e-mail to the document library. What should you do?

- A. Modify the RSS setting for the document library.
- B. Modify the permissions for the document library.
- C. Modify the incoming e-mail settings for the document library.
- D. Enable anonymous authentication for the Web application.

Answer: C

Question: 87

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2008. You install the Windows Media Services server role on the server. You plan to publish an audio file to the Internet by using Media Server. You need to create a license for the audio file. What should you do first?

- A. Publish the audio file to a new Web site.
- B. Publish the audio file to the Windows Media Services server.
- C. Package the audio file as a Windows Installer application.
- D. Package the audio file by using Windows Media Rights Manager.

Answer: D

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